

# Spinraza® (nusinersen) (Intrathecal)

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08/2024, 01/2025

## I. Length of Authorization

Coverage will be provided annually and may be renewed.

## **II.** Dosing Limits

#### Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

- Loading: 120 billable units (12 mg) on day 1, day 15, day 29, and day 59
- Maintenance: 120 billable units (12 mg) every 112 days

# III. Initial Approval Criteria

Submission of medical records (chart notes) related to the medical necessity criteria is REQUIRED on all requests for authorizations. Records will be reviewed at the time of submission. Please provide documentation related to diagnosis, step therapy, and clinical markers (i.e. genetic and mutational testing) supporting initiation when applicable. Please provide documentation via direct upload through the PA web portal or by fax.

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

#### Universal Criteria 1,4,5,8

- Patient must not have previously received treatment with SMA gene therapy (e.g., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi, etc.); AND
- Patient will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi, risdiplam, etc.); AND
- Patient must not have advanced disease (complete limb paralysis, permanent ventilation support, etc.);
- Patient must have the following laboratory tests at baseline and prior to each administration\*:
   platelet count, prothrombin time, activated partial thromboplastin time, and quantitative spot
   urine protein testing; AND

\*Laboratory tests should be obtained within several days prior to administration

### Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) † Φ 1-13

- Patient retains meaningful voluntary motor function (e.g., manipulate objects using upper extremities, ambulate, etc.);
- Patient must have a diagnosis of 5q spinal muscular atrophy confirmed by either homozygous deletion of the SMN1 gene or dysfunctional mutation of the SMN1 gene; AND
- Patient must have a diagnosis of SMA phenotype I, II, or III; AND
  - Patient has ≤ 3 copies of the SMN2 gene (Note: Patients with >3 copies of the SMN2 gene will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis); OR
  - Patient has symptomatic disease (i.e., impaired motor function and/or delayed motor milestones);
- Baseline documentation of one or more of the following:
  - Motor function/milestones, including but not limited to, the following validated scales: Hammersmith Infant Neurologic Exam (HINE), Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale Expanded (HFMSE), Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP INTEND), Bayley Scales of Infant and Toddler development Third Ed. (BSID-III), 6-minute walk test (6MWT), Upper Limb Module (ULM), Motor Function Measure 32 (MFM32), Revised Upper Limb Module (RULM), etc.
  - Respiratory function tests [e.g., forced vital capacity (FVC), etc.]
  - Exacerbations necessitating hospitalization and/or antibiotic therapy for respiratory infection in the preceding year/timeframe
  - Patient weight (for patients without a gastrostomy tube)

† FDA Approved Indication(s), ‡ Compendia Recommended Indication(s); ◆ Orphan Drug

#### IV. Renewal Criteria 1-13

Coverage can be renewed based upon the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet the universal and other indication-specific relevant criteria such as concomitant therapy requirements (not including prerequisite therapy), performance status, etc. identified in section III; AND
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity which would preclude safe administration of the drug.
   Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: significant renal toxicity, thrombocytopenia, coagulation abnormalities, etc.; AND
- Patient has responded to therapy compared to pretreatment baseline in one or more of the following:
  - Stability or improvement in net motor function/milestones, including but not limited to, the following validated scales: Hammersmith Infant Neurologic Exam (HINE), Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale Expanded (HFMSE), Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP INTEND), Bayley Scales of Infant and Toddler



- development Third Ed. (BSID-III), 6-minute walk test (6MWT), Upper Limb Module (ULM), Motor Function Measure 32 (MFM32), Revised Upper Limb Module (RULM), etc.
- Stability or improvement in respiratory function tests [e.g., forced vital capacity (FVC), etc.]
- Reduction in exacerbations necessitating hospitalization and/or antibiotic therapy for respiratory infection in the preceding year/timeframe
- Stable or increased patient weight (for patients without a gastrostomy tube)
- Slowed rate of decline in the aforementioned measures

# V. Dosage/Administration <sup>1</sup>

Indication	Dose
Spinal Muscular Atrophy	Administer 12 mg as an intrathecal bolus injection over 1 to 3 minutes using a spinal anesthesia needle. Prior to administration, 5 mL of cerebrospinal fluid should be removed. Imaging guidance and sedation may be required for administration.  Initiation  Four loading doses: The first three loading doses should be administered at 14-day intervals. The 4 <sup>th</sup> loading dose should be administered 30 days after the 3 <sup>rd</sup> dose.  Maintenance  One dose every 4 months (112 days) thereafter

#### NOTE:

- Store refrigerated at 2°C to 8°C (36°F to 46°F) in the original carton to protect from light. Do not freeze.
- If no refrigeration is available, Spinraza may be stored in its original carton, protected from light at or below 30°C (86°F) for up to 14 days.
- Allow Spinraza to warm to room temperature (25°C / 77°F) prior to administration.

# VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

#### HCPCS code:

• J2326 –Injection, nusinersen, 0.1 mg; 1 billable unit = 0.1 mg

#### NDC:

Spinraza 12 mg/5 mL solution for injection; single-dose vial: 64406-0058-xx

#### VII. References

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- 3. Prior TW, Leach, ME, Finanger E. Spinal muscular atrophy. GeneReviews. <a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1352/">www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1352/</a>. Initial Posting: February 24, 2000; Last Revision: September 19, 2024. Accessed on December 2, 2024.
- 4. Finkel RS, Mercuri E, Darras BT, et al; for the ENDEAR Study Group. Nusinersen versus sham control in infantile-onset spinal muscular atrophy. N Engl J Med. 2017;377(18):1723-1732.Finkel



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- 7. Kichula E, Duong T, Glanzman A, et al. Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP INTEND) Feasibility for Individuals with Severe Spinal Muscular Atrophy II (S46.004). Neurology Apr 2018, 90 (15 Supplement) S46.004
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- Michelson D, Ciafaloni E, Ashwal S, et al. Evidence in focus: Nusinersen use in spinal muscular atrophy: Report of the Guideline Development, Dissemination, and Implementation Subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology. Neurology. 2018 Nov 13;91(20):923-933. Doi: 10.1212/WNL.0000000000006502. Epub 2018 Oct 12.
- 10. Darras BT, Chiriboga CA, Iannaccone ST, et al. Nusinersen in later-onset spinal muscular atrophy: long-term results from the phase 1/2 studies. Neurology. 2019;92(21):e2492-e2506
- 11. Finikel RS, Mercuri E, Meyer OH, et al. Diagnosis and management of spinal muscular atrophy: Part 2: Pulmonary and acute care; medications, supplements and immunizations; other organ systems; and ethics. Neuromuscul Disord. 2018 Mar;28(3):197-207. Doi: 10.1016/j.nmd.2017.11.004. Epub 2017 Nov 23.
- 12. (ICER) IfCaER. Spinraza and Zolgensma for Spinal Muscular Atrophy: Effectiveness and Value. Final Evidence Report. April 3, 2019 (Updated May 24, 2019) 2019.
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# **Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes**

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description	
G12.0	Infantile spinal muscular atrophy, type I [Werdnig-Hoffmann]	



ICD-10	ICD-10 Description	
G12.1	Other inherited spinal muscular atrophy	
G12.25	Progressive spinal muscle atrophy	
G12.8	Other spinal muscular atrophies and related syndromes	
G12.9	Spinal muscular atrophy, unspecified	

## **Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)**

The preceding information is intended for non-Medicare coverage determinations. Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determinations (NCDs) and/or Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) may also exist for claims payment purposes or to clarify benefit eligibility under Part B for drugs which may be self-administered. The following link may be used to search for NCD, LCD, or LCA documents: <a href="https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx">https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx</a>. Additional indications, including any preceding information, may be applied at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes					
Jurisdiction	NCD/LCA/LCD Document (s)	Contractor			
E	A58578	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC			
F	A58579	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC			

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions					
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor			
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC			
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC			
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)			
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)			
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.			
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)			
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.			
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA			
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA			
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.			
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)			
15	KY, OH	CGS Administrators, LLC			







