

Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Remodulin® (treprostinil)

(Intravenous)

Document Number: IC-0416

Last Review Date: 01/05/2023 Date of Origin: 11/28/2011

Dates Reviewed: 12/2011, 02/2013, 06/2013, 11/2013, 12/2013, 04/2014, 02/2015, 01/2016, 01/2017,

05/2017, 09/2017, 01/2018, 01/2019, 01/2020, 01/2021, 09/2021, 01/2022, 01/2023

I. Additional Information: Effective 04/01/2022, generic Treprostinil will be covered. Remodulin will not be covered. Prescribed by (or in consultation with) a cardiologist or pulmonologist with prior authorization

Length of Authorization ¹

Coverage will be provided for 6 months and is eligible for renewal.

III. Dosing Limits

A. Quantity Limit (max daily dose) [NDC Unit]:

<u>Drug</u>	Drug strength/formulation	# of Units	Per # of Days	<u>Units/Day</u>
Remodulin	1 mg/mL - 20 mg injection	20 mL	30	$0.67~\mathrm{mL}$
	2.5 mg/mL - 50 mg injection	(1 vial)		
	5 mg/mL - 100 mg injection			
	10 mg/mL - 200 mg injection			
	20 mg/mL - 40 mg injection			
Treprostinil	1 mg/mL- 20 mg injection	20 mL	30	$0.67~\mathrm{mL}$
	2.5 mg/mL- 50 mg injection	(1 vial)		
	5 mg/mL- 100 mg injection			
	10 mg/mL- 200 mg injection			

B. Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

Remodulin/Treprostinil

• 7 billable units per day

IV. Initial Approval Criteria 1-5

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

• Patient is at least 17 years of age;





Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) † Φ ^{27,28,30}

- Diagnosis confirmed by documented right heart catheterization with ALL of the following:
 - o Mean pulmonary artery pressure (mPAP) > 20 mm Hg; AND
 - o Pulmonary arterial wedge pressure (PAWP) ≤ 15 mmHg; **AND**
 - o Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) ≥ 3 wood units (240 dynes-sec/cm⁵); **AND**
- Baseline assessment of 6-minute walk distance (6MWD), brain natriuretic peptide (BNP) plasma levels, and/or B-type natriuretic peptide plasma levels (NT-proBNP); AND
- Diagnosed with pulmonary arterial hypertension and classified as WHO (World Health Organization) Group 1 (See below for description of WHO classification for pulmonary hypertension); AND
- Designated as New York Heart Association (NYHA) or World Health Organization (WHO) functional class II-IV (See below for description of functional classes); AND
 - o Patient is treatment-naïve to PAH-specific pharmacotherapy §; AND
 - Patient is Functional Class III with evidence of rapid progression of their disease, or other markers of a poor clinical prognosis; AND
 - Patient will be treated with IV or SC Remodulin; OR
 - Patient is Functional Class IV; AND
 - Patient will be treated with IV or SC Remodulin; **OR**
 - o Patient is Functional Class III or IV with an inadequate clinical response‡ (see criteria below) to two classes of PAH pharmacotherapy and will be adding a third class of PAH therapy (see PAH pharmacotherapy table below §); OR
 - o Patient is transitioning from Remodulin to Orenitram and using Remodulin (treprostinil) and Orenitram (treprostinil) concurrently; **OR**
 - o Patient is transitioning from epoprostenol to Remodulin (treprostinil)

Class	n Pharmacotherapy § ^{2,5,27} Drug	Route of Administration
Phosphodiesterase-5	Revatio (Sildenafil)	IV, Oral
inhibitors (PDE5i)	Adcirca (Tadalafil)	Oral
	Tadliq (Tadalafil)	Oral
Prostacyclin analogs	Flolan (Epoprostenol)	IV
	Veletri (Epoprostenol)	IV
	Orenitram (Treprostinil)	Oral
	Remodulin (Treprostinil)	IV/SC
	Tyvaso/Tyvaso DPI (Treprostinil)	Inhaled
	Ventavis (Iloprost)	Inhaled
Endothelial-receptor	Tracleer (Bosentan)	Oral
antagonists (ERA)	Letairis (Ambrisentan)	Oral
<u> </u>	Opsumit (Macitentan)	Oral
Soluble guanylate Adempas (riociguat)		Oral
cyclase stimulators	 Must NOT be used in combination with 	
-	PDE5i (e.g., Revatio, Adcirca, Tadliq) or	





	intravenous prostacyclin analogs (e.g., Flolan, Veletri, Remodulin) Subcutaneous administration of Remodulin is allowable with Adempas	
Prostacyclin receptor	Uptravi (selexipag)	Oral, IV
agonists	 May be used in combination with BOTH a 	
	PDE5i AND an ERA	

Inadequate Clinical Response Criteria ‡ 13

- Inadequate clinical response for patients who were initially in WHO Functional Class II or III:
 - Resulting clinical status defined as stable and not satisfactory; **OR**
 - Resulting clinical status defined as unstable and deteriorating
- Inadequate clinical response for patients who were initially in WHO Functional Class IV:
 - No rapid improvement to WHO Functional Class III or better; OR
 - Resulting clinical status defined as stable and not satisfactory

Reference charts 27,29

WHO Classification of Pulmonary Hypertension (PH):

- Group 1 PAH: Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)
- Group 2 PH: Pulmonary hypertension owing to left heart disease
- Group 3 PH: Pulmonary hypertension owing to lung diseases and/or hypoxia
- Group 4 PH: Chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension (CTEPH)
- Group 5 PH: Pulmonary hypertension with unclear multifactorial mechanisms

New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Classification

- Class I: No symptoms with ordinary physical activity. No limitation of physical activity.
 Comfortable at rest.
- Class II: Symptoms with ordinary physical activity. Slight limitation of physical activity.
 Comfortable at rest.
- Class III: Symptoms with less than ordinary physical activity. Marked limitation of physical activity. Comfortable at rest.
- Class IV: Symptoms with any physical activity or even at rest. Unable to perform any physical activity.

World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Assessment Classification

- Class I: Patients with PH but without resulting limitation of physical activity. Ordinary physical
 activity does not cause undue dyspnea or fatigue, chest pain, or near syncope.
- Class II: Patients with PH resulting in slight limitation of physical activity. They are comfortable
 at rest. Ordinary physical activity causes undue dyspnea or fatigue, chest pain, or near syncope.
- Class III: Patients with PH resulting in marked limitation of physical activity. They are comfortable at rest. Less than ordinary activity causes undue dyspnea or fatigue, chest pain, or near syncope.
- Class IV: Patients with PH with inability to carry out any physical activity without symptoms.
 These patients manifest signs of right-heart failure. Dyspnea and/or fatigue may even be present at rest. Discomfort is increased by any physical activity.

† FDA-labeled indication(s); **\Phi** Orphan Drug (Flolan, Remodulin, and Uptravi only)

Note: Clinical review for use in pediatric patients, unless specified above, will occur on a case by case basis





Renewal Criteria 1-8,15,22-28,30

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Coverage can be renewed based on the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet universal and other indication-specific relevant criteria such as concomitant therapy requirements (not including prerequisite therapy), performance status, etc.in section III; **AND**
- Disease response as determined by one or more of the following:
 - Progress towards an improvement in WHO functional class status
 - Improvement in right ventricular function (based on echocardiogram or cardiac MRI)
 - Improvement (from baseline) on the 6-minute walk distance (6MWD)
 - Improvement (from baseline) in B-type natriuretic peptide plasma levels (NT-proBNP);
 - Improvement (from baseline) in brain natriuretic peptide (BNP) plasma levels; AND

• Remodulin® 1

• Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: catheter-related blood stream infections (BSIs), sepsis, symptomatic hypotension, increased risk of bleeding, etc.

VI. Dosage/Administration 1-5

Indication	Dose
Treprostinil /Remodulin® (continuous subcutaneous	1.25 ng/kg/min (or 0.625 ng/kg/min if not tolerated or in patients with mild or moderate hepatic insufficiency); dose increase based on clinical response (increments of 1.25 ng/kg/min per week for the first 4 weeks of treatment, then 2.5 ng/kg/min per week for the remaining duration of the infusion).
or intravenous	Transitioning from epoprostenol:
infusion)	Initiate Remodulin at a recommended dose of 10% of the current epoprostenol dose
	Decrease the dose of epoprostenol while simultaneously increasing the dose of Treprostinil/Remodulin, based on response





VII. Billing Code/Availability Information

Drug	HCPCS Code	Billable Units (BU)	Drug strength/formulation	NDC
Remodulin* (United			1 mg/mL – 20 mg injection	66302-0101-xx
		1 = 1 DII	2.5 mg/mL - 50 mg injection	66302-0102-xx
Therapeutics)	J3285 §	1 mg = 1 BU	5 mg/mL - 100 mg injection	66302-0105-xx
			10 mg/mL – 200 mg injection	66302-0110-xx
* generic available				

VIII. References

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ppendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

ICD-10	Description
I27.0	Primary pulmonary hypertension
I27.1	Kyphoscoliotic heart disease
I27.20	Pulmonary hypertension, unspecified
I27.21	Secondary pulmonary arterial hypertension
I27.83	Eisenmenger's syndrome
I27.89	Other specified pulmonary heart diseases
I27.9	Pulmonary heart disease, unspecified
M34.0	Progressive systemic sclerosis
M34.1	CR(E)ST syndrome
M34.9	Systemic sclerosis, unspecified

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD), Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs), and Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.



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Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD/LCA): N/A

	Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions			
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor		
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC		
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC		
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)		
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)		
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.		
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)		
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.		
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA, LLC		
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA, LLC		
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.		
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)		
15	KY, OH	CGS Administrators, LLC		

